

臺灣菸酒股份有限公司 99 年第 2 次從業人員（職員級）甄選試題  
甄選職等：第 3 職等人員及第 5 職等人員

共同科目：英文

\*請填寫入場通知書編號：\_\_\_\_\_

注意：①作答前須檢查答案卡、入場通知書編號、桌角號碼、應試類別是否相符，如有不同應立即請監試人員處理，否則不予計分。

②本試卷正反兩頁共 50 題，每題 2 分，限用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答。

③本試卷之試題皆為單選選擇題，請選出最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；未作答者，不予計分。

④答案卡務必繳回，違反者該科成績以零分計算。

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

【3】1. The \_\_\_\_\_ of this scholarship will receive \$30,000.

- ① participant      ② accountant      ③ recipient      ④ employee

【1】2. We stood at different locations when the accident happened. His \_\_\_\_\_ of the accident was very different from mine.

- ① version      ② revision      ③ copy      ④ text

【1】3. The total number of the \_\_\_\_\_ people in that remote area is decreasing.

- ① indigenous      ② original      ③ ancient      ④ historical

【2】4. This ring was a family heirloom, which was \_\_\_\_\_ from my grandfather to my father.

- ① came across      ② handed down      ③ pulled up      ④ put aside

【3】5. Chinese traveling abroad began as a trickle in the '90s, but they are \_\_\_\_\_ Asian destinations like a tourism tsunami.

- ① sweeping      ② scorching      ③ flooding      ④ baking

【3】6. It was really a \_\_\_\_\_ for the little boy to survive the air crash.

- ① institute      ② virtue      ③ miracle      ④ magnitude

【4】7. After the earthquake, the government has taken steps to \_\_\_\_\_ the losses.

- ① recognize      ② socialize      ③ criticize      ④ minimize

【2】8. The traffic accident resulted from the \_\_\_\_\_ of the traffic laws.

- ① vibration      ② violation      ③ orientation      ④ confrontation

【4】9. His corruption as a government employer has put a \_\_\_\_\_ on his long-standing reputation.

- ① transit      ② decay      ③ hymn      ④ stain

【4】10. A brake is a device designed to \_\_\_\_\_ or stop the motion of a mechanical body.

- ① increase      ② diver      ③ control      ④ slow

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

【3】11. Under no circumstances \_\_\_\_\_ accept his proposal of buying our factory.

- ① we can      ② we should      ③ can we      ④ were we

【1】12. \_\_\_\_\_ intense competition, the prices of food and drinks would be much higher.

- ① Without      ② Having not      ③ In need of      ④ In case of

【1】13. I have lots of things to carry, but I have only two hands. Would you mind \_\_\_\_\_ for me?

- ① carrying these bags      ② carry these bags      ③ to carry these bags      ④ have carried these bags

【1】14. \_\_\_\_\_ at the back door, and they may hear you and open the door.

- ① Try knocking      ② Trying to knock      ③ To try to knock      ④ To try knocking

【4】15. If Judy \_\_\_\_\_ so shy, she might have spoken to the man that she liked so much.

- ① was not      ② were not      ③ has not been      ④ had not been

【3】16. Most bookstores have a section for young readers, \_\_\_\_\_ you'll find books stacked on tables and shelves just like in the library.

- ① while      ② which      ③ where      ④ what

【4】17. How much do you guess \_\_\_\_\_?

- ① cost the watch      ② did the watch cost      ③ does the watch cost      ④ the watch costs

【1】18. The nurse supported the sick child because he was too weak \_\_\_\_\_ by himself.

- ① to walk      ② walking      ③ to walking      ④ as to walk

【2】19. The patient appreciated \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast in bed when she wasn't feeling well.

- ① serving      ② being served      ③ having been serving      ④ having served

【3】20. No other girl in her class dances \_\_\_\_\_ as she does.

- ① as beautiful      ② more beautiful      ③ as beautifully      ④ more beautifully

三、會話測驗

【2】21. A: How do you stay fit and healthy?

B: \_\_\_\_\_. I also try to avoid smoking and drinking too much.

- ① I stay up late at night surfing the Internet      ② I jog every morning for thirty minutes  
③ I fix up my problem as soon as possible      ④ I intend to open a fitness center in the central city

【2】22. A: What do you usually do in your spare time?

B: \_\_\_\_\_. I enjoy doing this especially after a stressful day.

- ① I work in my office      ② I often go to see a movie  
③ I have nothing to spare      ④ Time is money

【2】23. A: Did the committee members ask you many questions in your thesis defense?

B: \_\_\_\_\_. I am not optimistic about the result of the defense.

- ① No, they were easy to answer      ② Yes, and some of the questions were difficult to answer  
③ No, they were very friendly      ④ Yes, and I liked their questions

【1】24. A: I am going absolutely crazy without my mobile phone. It's been three days and I still haven't found it. It's my lifeline.

B: \_\_\_\_\_. I don't know why you are so dependent on it. I don't have a mobile phone and I am doing just fine.

- ① You're kidding      ② Forgive me      ③ Forget it      ④ Give me five

【3】25. A: I can't get into my favorite jeans anymore. It's really depressing. \_\_\_\_\_.

B: Well, I think you look fine. You shouldn't worry about it.

- ① I am almost broke      ② I need more organic food  
③ I'm going on a diet      ④ I am too busy

【4】26. A: I have told you a thousand times to clean up the mess in your room.

B: \_\_\_\_\_.

A: I would like to hear about it.

B: My littered desk and floor show that I am embarking on creative work. I don't see the necessity of investing all my time to clean things up

- ① But yours is mess as well      ② But all my friends are like same  
③ But tidiness is way too high an expectation.      ④ But I have a different view on mess

【4】27. A: How are you feeling today, Mr. Lin?

B: \_\_\_\_\_.

A: I see. Please sit back and open your mouth. Your throat is swollen, too. Do you have any other symptoms?

B: I also had a terrible headache last night.

- ① The hospital is crowded with patients      ② The air is chilly out there  
③ I have been overloaded with my work      ④ I have been coughing and sneezing for days

【1】28. A: \_\_\_\_\_. What's been going on?

B: What do you mean by that?

A: Look. You quit smoking. You no longer drive to work; instead, you use public transportation. And you eat really healthy food. You are going "green."

- ① You seem like a changed person      ② You are in no way to turn over a new leaf  
③ We haven't met for ages      ④ You should start to act your age

【3】29. A: Hey, Paul. I see you walking lame all the way. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Nothing. I just sprained my ankle while playing basketball the day before yesterday.

- ① Why not take a stick      ② Are you on your last legs  
③ What's the matter with your legs      ④ Did you stretch your legs

【2】30. A: You look awful. What's wrong?

B: I can't sleep well these days. I still have nightmares about the car accident. It's really scary to know that your life is still at risk even when you follow the traffic rules.

A: I understand how you feel. All I can say is that \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① you deserve it  
② one can't be too careful about driving, especially in Taiwan  
③ we'll let the car be fixed as soon as possible  
④ you should report it to the police

#### 四、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

##### 第一篇：

When companies want to sell their products \_\_\_31\_\_\_, they must take into considerations the languages and the cultures in which they want to do business. When translating product names and slogans, companies need to understand the \_\_\_32\_\_\_ of other languages; otherwise, they risk offending \_\_\_33\_\_\_ consumers, or worse, creating a bad image for themselves. Companies need to be more careful in the use and translation of product names in a different country. For example, a French company sold one of its products, a perfume called "Opium," in the United States. Some American consumers were \_\_\_34\_\_\_ by the product name. And a Japanese company wanted to import the sports drink called "Pocari Sweat" to the United States, but quickly realized that it had to \_\_\_35\_\_\_ the second word from the name. In Italy, a campaign for Schweppes Tonic Water, a British soft drink, translated the name as "Schweppes Toilet Water."

- 【1】31. ① globally      ② locally      ③ earthly      ④ territorially  
【2】32. ① nonsense      ② nuances      ③ connotations      ④ denotations  
【4】33. ① existential      ② conventional      ③ marketing      ④ potential  
【3】34. ① attracted      ② defended      ③ offended      ④ attacked  
【2】35. ① add      ② remove      ③ move      ④ motivate

##### 第二篇：

Occasionally one hears about a child who shows remarkable skill or talent in a particular area, such as music, art, math, or chess. These children often become famous at a young age and are faced with unique pressures. Some go on to enjoy successful adult lives, while \_\_\_36\_\_\_ fade into obscurity or end up facing failure as adults. Because environment is so important, one really cannot predict \_\_\_37\_\_\_ early signs of intelligence or talent alone will necessarily lead to a happy life.

Artist Pablo Picasso showed an interest in drawing very early, before he could even speak. He asked for paintbrushes as a young child, and demanded that he \_\_\_38\_\_\_ to draw at school as much as he liked. His father, also an artist, supported and instructed him, and sent him to art school. By the time Pablo was 13, his father felt that he had surpassed him \_\_\_39\_\_\_ painting skill. During his life, Picasso founded the Cubist movement, and created over 22,000 works of art.

Similarly, Marie Curie showed early intelligence and taught herself to read in Russian and French at age four. She displayed an prodigious memory and helped her older siblings with their math. Marie's parents are both impoverished teachers, \_\_\_40\_\_\_ they insisted on educating their kids on their own. In Marie's lifetime she earned two Nobel prizes, one in physics and the other in chemistry. In both examples, it seems that the supportive family environment helped the gifted children grow into successful adults.

- 【2】36. ① the other      ② others      ③ the others      ④ ones  
【1】37. ① whether      ② where      ③ what      ④ why  
【4】38. ① is allowed      ② is allowing      ③ has allowed      ④ be allowed  
【3】39. ① by means of      ② by no means      ③ in terms of      ④ in light of  
【3】40. ① when      ② and      ③ but      ④ or

#### 五、閱讀測驗

##### 第一篇：

Countries with fragile economies and infrastructure may see tourism as a great opportunity for economic and social development. However, tourism developments may not always be the answer to a country's economic woes and they can sometimes do more harm than good.

Every year, around 140 million people travel from an industrialized country to a developing one. Many will be on a holiday that will have cost thousands of dollars. The money spent by holidaymakers is an important source of income to the people living in the destination countries. However, often less than half the revenue from the trip actually stays in that country—sometimes the "revenue leakage" can be as much as 80 percent.

In addition, moderate or mass tourism can put a huge strain on the developing country's society and its infrastructure such as roads, water, electricity and sewage treatment. That's not to mention the environmental impact. Take Jamaica for example. This Caribbean island paradise has been a mass tourist destination for many years and its economy is partly dependent on tourism. Yet tourism has put a huge strain on the natural resources of the country and is, in part, responsible for pollution, loss of animal and plant species, coral reef destruction, and erosion of beaches.

The local community suffers from loss of natural public beaches, water shortages, and a significant amount of the food used by the hotels is imported rather than being purchased from local farms. A lot of the hotels are gated from the rest of the community because of high crime rates, but in some ways this further isolates the tourists from the local population—other than those employed as staff at the resorts.

【3】41. What will be the best title for this passage?

- ① How to Run a Tourist Shop      ② Revenue Leakage  
③ The Negative Impact of Tourism      ④ Beaches in Jamaica

【3】42. Which of the following statements is NOT true?

- ① At least half of the revenue of tourist business does not go to the people of the destination country.  
② The local people in the community have barely benefited from the booming tourism.  
③ Every year, people in the developing countries flooded to the industrialized countries for sightseeing.  
④ Tourism to a great extent is responsible for the coral reef destruction and deforestation.

【2】43. What is the main idea of this passage?

- ① Tourism is always beneficiary to the destination country.  
② Tourism developments can cause more harm than good to the destination country.  
③ The holidaymakers spent all their money on the protection of the forest.  
④ The natural environment is not harmed by the intrusive tourists.

【2】44. What does "put a huge strain" mean?

- ① To invest lots of money      ② To give great pressure  
③ To cause misfortune      ④ To arouse great interests

【4】45. In the case of Jamaica, which one of the following is NOT true?

- ① Public beaches are occupied by the private hotels.  
② Water shortage is a problem for the local people.  
③ Mass tourism has great impact on the supply of electricity.  
④ The hotels purchase their food solely from local farmers.

##### 第二篇：

Are organically grown foods the best food choices? The advantages claimed for such foods over conventionally grown and marketed food products are now being debated. Advocates of organic foods -- a term whose meaning varies greatly -- frequently proclaim that such products are safer and more nutritious than others. The growing interest of consumers in the safety and nutritional quality of the typical North American diet is a welcome development. However, much of this interest has been sparked by sweeping claims that the food supply is unsafe or inadequate in meeting nutritional needs. Although most of these claims are not supported by scientific evidence, the preponderance of written material advancing such claims makes it difficult for the general public to separate fact from fiction.

As a result, claims that eating a diet consisting entirely of organically grown foods prevents or cures disease or provides other benefits to health have become widely publicized and form the basis for folklore. Almost daily the public is besieged by claims for "no-aging" diets, new vitamins, and other wonder foods. There are numerous unsubstantiated reports that natural vitamins are superior to synthetic ones, that fertilized eggs are nutritionally superior to unfertilized eggs, that untreated grains are better than fumigated grains, and the like.

One thing that most organically grown food products seem to have in common is that they cost more than conventionally grown foods. But in many cases consumers are misled if they believe organic foods can maintain health and provide better nutritional quality than conventionally grown foods. So there is real cause for concern if consumers, particularly those with limited incomes, distrust the regular food supply and buy only expensive organic foods instead.

【4】46. In the first paragraph, the word "others" refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① advantages      ② advocates      ③ organic foods      ④ conventional food products

【1】47. The "welcome development" mentioned in the first paragraph is an increase in \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① interest in food safety and nutrition among North Americans  
② the nutritional quality of the typical North American diet  
③ the amount of healthy food grown in North America  
④ the number of consumers in North America

【1】48. The author implies that there is cause for concern if consumers with limited incomes buy organic foods instead of conventionally grown foods because \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① organic foods can be more expensive but are often no better than conventionally grown foods  
② many organic foods are actually less nutritious than similar conventionally grown foods  
③ conventionally grown foods are more readily available than organic food  
④ too many farmers will stop using conventional methods to grow food crops

【2】49. According to the last paragraph, consumers who believe that organic foods are better than conventionally grown foods are often \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① careless      ② mistaken      ③ thrifty      ④ wealthy

【4】50. What is the author's attitude toward the claims made by advocates of health foods?

- ① Very enthusiastic      ② Somewhat favorable      ③ Neutral      ④ Skeptical