


















中華郵政股份有限公司委託台灣金融研訓院辦理 99 年從業人員甄試試題
甄選職階：專業職(二)外勤一郵遞業務(78801~78820)
普通科目：國文及簡易英文

*請填寫入場通知書編號：_____

注意：①本試卷正反兩頁共 50 題，每題 2 分。限用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答。
②本試卷皆為單選選擇題，請選出最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；未作答者，不予計分。
③應試人得自備使用簡易型電子計算機(簡易型電子計算機限僅有數字鍵 0~9 及 + - × ÷ √ % =                 之功能，且不具財務、工程及儲存程式功能)；若應試人於測驗時將不符規定之電子計算機放置於桌面或使用，經勸阻無效，仍執意使用者，該科扣 10 分；計算機並由監試人員保管至該節測驗結束後歸還。
④答案卡務必繳回，未繳回者該科以零分計算。

壹、國文

- 【3】1.下列詞語，何者用字完全正確？
①一切就序 ②斷張取義 ③躬逢其盛 ④忘自菲薄
- 【4】2.下列詞語「 」中的字，何者與「大聲咆哮」的「咆」字讀音相同？
①胞 ②抱 ③泡 ④袍
- 【2】3.«人生在世有如□□□□，渺小得微不足道，何必一味鑽營巴結，爭權奪利。」其中缺空處，應填入下列何者最適當？
①書空咄咄 ②滄海一粟 ③蝸居蟻蛭 ④流離顛沛
- 【1】4.下列文句「 」中的詞語，何者運用正確？
①你最好想清楚，不要「貿然」行事 ②只要問心無愧，就能「索然」面對一切
③對於別人不合理的要求，他「欣然」拒絕 ④聽到她奮勇救人的事蹟，我們對她「坦然」而生敬佩之心
- 【3】5.下列各詞語的「見」字，何者具有被動語氣？
①相「見」恨晚 ②日「見」好轉 ③信而「見」疑 ④「見」水即溶
- 【4】6.王維〈山中與裴秀才迪書〉：「近臘月下，景氣和暢，故山殊可過。」其中的「臘月」是指農曆的幾月？
①一月 ②二月 ③十一月 ④十二月
- 【2】7.教師節，寫賀卡給老師，下列成語，何者**不可**使用？
①春風化雨 ②德業長昭 ③循循善誘 ④誨人不倦
- 【1】8.下列書籍的作者，何者正確？
①《漢書》：班固 ②《三國志》：羅貫中
③《戰國策》：呂不韋 ④《資治通鑑》：歐陽脩
- 【2】9.兄弟兩人的妻子，她們相互間的稱謂，下列何者正確？
①連襟 ②妯娌 ③姑嫂 ④昆仲
- 【4】10.下列詞語，何者與「蓬戶甕牖」的意思最為相似？
①戶限為穿 ②炊沙成飯 ③縮衣節食 ④家徒四壁
- 【1】11.下列詞語中的「白」字，何者是指顏色？
①藍天「白」雲 ②含冤莫「白」 ③真相大「白」 ④「白」費心思
- 【3】12.禮金封套用語「賻儀」，適用於何種用途？
①賀人再婚的禮金 ②賀人出嫁的禮金 ③慰問喪家的禮金 ④賀人壽誕的禮金

- 【4】13.蘇軾〈水調歌頭〉：「明月幾時有，把酒問青天，不知天上宮闕，今夕是何年。」這是在哪個歲時節日抒寫的？
①元宵 ②端午 ③七夕 ④中秋
- 【2】14.下列《論語》中的文句，何者有「勉人虛心向學」的意思？
①子與人歌而善，必使反之，而後和之 ②我非生而知之者，好古敏以求之者也
③甚矣，吾衰也！久矣，吾不復夢見周公 ④飯疏食，飲水，曲肱而枕之，樂亦在其中矣
- 【1】15.下列文句中的用字，何者完全正確？
①把事情交代清楚，不可以忽視任何一個環節。
②他凡事追求和協，再再顯示是個通情達理之人。
③處理事情應按步就班，條理分明，切忌本末倒置。
④謝謝你觀照這件事情，要不然大家都莫不關心怎能做得成呢？
- 【3,4】16.下列詞語何者句法結構相同？
①滴水穿石 / 山窮水盡 ②狐假虎威 / 鸛蚌相爭
③日新月異 / 日積月累 ④陰錯陽差 / 陽奉陰違
- 【3】17.李斯〈諫逐客書〉說：「泰山不讓土壤，故能成其大；河海不擇細流，故能就其深。」意謂：
①天下為公 ②大材小用 ③有容乃大 ④私心自用
- 【1】18.«草叢裡出現□□的聲音，好像有什麼動物在裡面。」以上文句空格內最適合填入哪個詞語？
①窸窣 ②潺潺 ③撲嗤 ④達達
- 【3】19.«凡是向天空丟石頭的人，可能有石頭會落在他頭上。」上述文句的含義是什麼？
①禍從天降 ②禍不單行 ③咎由自取 ④落井下石
- 【2】20.西元一八一四年，法國將軍陶梅尼在前線打仗時，被敵軍的炮彈轟斷一條腿。他出院返回部隊後，每天幫他擦皮鞋的勤務兵看到將軍斷了一條腿，嚇哭了。陶梅尼將軍笑著說：「你哭什麼？以後你只要擦一隻皮鞋就夠了。這不是很好嗎？」下列何者可以形容陶梅尼的心態？
①人不知而不愠 ②無入而不自得 ③君子有終身之憂 ④與爾同銷萬古愁
- 【1】21.«那美好的仗我已經打過了，當跑的賽程我已經跑盡了，當守的信仰我已經守住了。」意謂：
①此生無憾 ②無事可做 ③經驗豐富 ④行將就木
- 【2】22.«迷你裙短的像一朵火花／一閃／整條街便□□了起來。」（羅門〈禮拜堂內外〉）句中□□最適合填入的語詞是：
①盛開 ②燃燒 ③喧嚷 ④嘲諷
- 【4】23.下列說話的方式，何者可以被認為是一種藝術？
①交頭接耳 ②叫囂謾罵 ③嘮嘮叨叨 ④談笑風生
- 【4】24.下列選項，可以用於賀商店開張的扁額題辭是：
①琴瑟友之 ②宜室宜家 ③仁心仁術 ④業紹陶朱
- 【4】25.«羅大佑和伍佰，兩個不同世代的風雲歌手，右手寫詩，左手搖滾，反映了時代的變動，也赤裸裸闖入我們的心。一□黑衣，一□墨鏡，一□吉他，千萬個吶喊。」上述文句中的□，依序應填入下列哪些量詞？
①套、支、具 ②身、付、支 ③款、組、根 ④襲、副、把

貳、英文

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

- 【2】 26. The janitor is _____ for taking care of the office.
① invited ② responsible ③ agree ④ good
- 【3】 27. Tom made an _____ to his boss for being late to office.
① apologize ② appreciation ③ apology ④ application
- 【1】 28. There is keen _____ in the sale of mobile phones.
① competition ② explanation ③ discussion ④ compete
- 【2】 29. The post office announces that airmail service to Haiti is temporarily _____ due to the severe earthquake in January.
① surprise ② suspended ③ expense ④ occurred
- 【1】 30. The post office issues _____ stamps for special events only.
① commemorative ② constructive ③ cooperative ④ infinitive
- 【3】 31. I don't think that Tom will have an _____ to get the high-paying job.
① chance ② oath ③ opportunity ④ advice
- 【2】 32. After a three-day strike, the employer and the employees have reached a consensus, and the factory has _____ operations.
① reflected ② resumed ③ represented ④ offered
- 【3】 33. The production of rice and wheat in this country is _____ by the local government.
① giving ② subject ③ subsidized ④ grow
- 【4】 34. The river was _____ by the chemical waste from the factory.
① contained ② crossed ③ collected ④ contaminated
- 【1】 35. You have the _____ of going to work or studying abroad.
① alternatives ② changes ③ alterations ④ character

二、文法測驗（請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案）

- 【1】 36. To say is one thing, but to do is _____.
① another ② other ③ others ④ one another
- 【4】 37. My sister and I _____ never _____ to Singapore.
① have / go ② has / gone ③ has / been ④ have / been
- 【2】 38. You are not _____ to understand the current situation.
① enough old ② old enough ③ oldest ④ look old
- 【3】 39. The boss says that we must _____ our business promotion in the upcoming three months.
① get up ② beef about ③ beef up ④ bring up
- 【4】 40. Please remember to _____ our research report by the end of this week, or we will lose the chance to take part in the contest.
① hand out ② at hand ③ in hand ④ hand in
- 【1】 41. Mary _____ at Taipei University since 2008.
① has been studying ② have been studying ③ have studying ④ studied
- 【2】 42. Jason's boss is very _____ with the quality of his work.
① satisfying ② satisfied ③ satisfactory ④ satisfactorily
- 【3】 43. After walking for 10 miles, I just want to _____ down and take a ten-minute rest.
① lay ② lied ③ lie ④ lain

- 【2】 44. I wish I _____ ten thousand dollars to buy that sweater.
① am ② had ③ have ④ will have
- 【2】 45. I need to _____ fifty thousand dollars from my brother to buy a new car.
① lend ② borrow ③ borrow of ④ lend from

三、會話測驗

- 【1】 46. A: Can you please mail these letters and postcards for me?
B: Sure. Did you address and stamp them?
A: _____
B: You're welcome.
① Yes. Thanks for your help.
② I have ten letters.
③ Where is the post office?
④ The mailbox is in front of the post office.
- 【4】 47. A: Suzan went shopping again and bought herself another washing machine.
B: _____ Doesn't she know that a penny saved is a penny earned?
① I have had no news from her.
② Sounds great!
③ She is not at home.
④ Why does she keep wasting her money?
- 【2】 48. A: _____
B: Could you give me some constructive advice on how to improve it?
① I have no time to read the book.
② I don't think your proposal will work.
③ I am waiting for your answer.
④ I will give you a piece of advice.
- 【3】 49. A: Do you know when the new traffic rules will become effective?
B: _____
① It is ten past ten.
② So far so good.
③ As far as I know, it is in January 2011.
④ I know an efficient method.
- 【3】 50. A: Tom, you are looking down today. Is something wrong?
B: Yes. I had a quarrel with a colleague.
A: _____ What did you quarrel about?
B: I don't want to talk about it.
① Why not?
② I know what to do next.
③ Oh, that's too bad.
④ Who told you about that?