

普通科目：國文及英文

注意：①本試卷正反兩頁共 50 題，限用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答。

②本試卷皆為單選選擇題，每題 2 分，請選出最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；未作答者，不予計分。

③答案卡務必繳回，違者該科以零分計算。

【國文】

- 1.《左傳》桓公二年，魯大夫臧哀伯勸諫桓公曰：「國家之敗，由官邪也；官之失德，寵賂章也。」由此段話，可推測出桓公是一位怎樣的君主？
①無為而治 ②賞罰分明 ③寵護貪官 ④剛愎自用
- 2.下列成語皆用來弔喪，其弔唁的對象，何者正確？
①鼓盆之歌：悼念丈夫 ②雁行折翼：悼念朋友
③喪明之痛：悼念兄弟 ④西河之泣：悼人喪子
- 3.下列各項引號中之數字，何者為虛數？
①「三」綱實繫命 ②「九」族無可繼者
③「三」顧臣於草廬之中 ④「三」折肱而成良醫
- 4.有關作家與著作，下列敘述何者正確？
①顧炎武著有《日知錄》 ②王安石著有《嘉佑集》
③劉義慶著有《水經注》 ④李商隱著有《樊川文集》
- 5.「魏王見公子，相與泣，而已上將軍印授公子，公子遂將。魏安釐王三十年，公子使使遍告諸侯，諸侯聞公子將，各遣將將兵救魏。」（《史記·魏公子傳》）以上引文共用了五個「將」字，請問屬於動詞的有：
①五個 ②四個 ③三個 ④二個
- 6.中國第一部白話新詩集是：
①魯迅《吶喊》 ②胡適《嘗試集》
③《徐志摩全集》 ④余光中《白玉苦瓜》
- 7.元好問論詩絕句云：「望帝春心託杜鵑，佳人錦瑟怨華年，詩家總愛西崑好，獨恨無人作鄭箋。」此詩是指何人之詩晦澀難解？
①賈島 ②沈佺期
③李商隱 ④杜牧
- 8.下列詩句，各代表一個歲時節令，請按春、夏、秋、冬之時序排列，選出正確的選項？ A.接天蓮葉無窮碧，映日荷花別樣紅 B.中庭地白樹棲鴉，冷露無聲溼桂花 C.獨憐幽草澗邊生，上有黃鸝深樹鳴 D.孤舟簑笠翁，獨釣寒江雪
①ADBC ②ABCD ③CDBA ④CABD
- 9.古代「度量衡」分別指長度、容量、重量，下列「」中的詞，與「長度」相關的選項是：
①蓋亭之所見，南北百里，東西「一舍」 ②青蓮居士謫仙人，酒肆藏名「三十」春
③「三千」弟子標青史，萬代先生號素王 ④仲永生「五年」，未嘗識書具
- 10.有關成語解釋，下列何者正確？
①自反而縮：謂自我反省，於理有虧 ②以蠡測海：喻所見之小
③倒吃甘蔗：喻做事不合程序 ④沉李浮瓜：指水患嚴重
- 11.下列與歷史人物相關的成語，何者正確？
①韋編三絕：呂不韋 ②胯下之辱：張良
③引錐刺股：蘇秦 ④割蓆絕交：曹操

- 12.「文起八代之衰，道濟天下之溺。」一語是：
①蘇軾讚美歐陽修之詞 ②柳宗元讚美韓愈之詞
③孟子讚美孔子之詞 ④蘇軾讚美韓愈之詞
- 13.下列詩句，與「旅館寒燈獨不眠，客心何事轉淒然？」的思鄉情懷相近的選項是：
①故人西辭黃鶴樓，煙花三月下揚州 ②寒雨連江夜入吳，平明送客楚山孤
③秦時明月漢時關，萬里長征人未還 ④客舍并州已十霜，歸心日夜憶咸陽
- 14.「積至誠，用大德，以結乎天心。」（〈深慮論〉）此句是在陳述何種治國之道？
①居仁由義，順應民心 ②無為而治，順應自然
③廣行教化，用人唯才 ④以智御人，以應世變
- 15.孟子曰：「有為者辟若掘井，掘井九仞而不及泉，猶為棄井也。」此乃孟子勉人：
①學貴用心，不用心則閉塞 ②君子處危而不變其操守
③人貴適志，則物我兩忘 ④學貴有恆，不可間斷，方能有成
- 16.下列詞組，何者詞義相同？
①「魯魚亥豕」與「佶屈聱牙」 ②「短褐穿結」與「冬裘夏葛」
③「海市蜃樓」與「白雲蒼狗」 ④「改弦易轍」與「獨闢蹊徑」
- 17.「善讀書者，無之而非書—山水亦書也，棋酒亦書也，花月亦書也。」意謂：
①讀書時要有美麗的情境 ②要找到適合的同伴
③要用心體會物外之趣 ④要選擇適當的書籍
- 18.關於信封格式與用語，下列敘述何者正確？
①信封的啓封詞，對象為老師可用「道啓」，一般人或平輩則用「敬啓」
②信封的框內欄，寫的是受信人的稱呼，是「寫信人」對受信人的稱呼
③在框內欄「姓+職稱+名字+啓封詞」的寫法中，為尊重受信人，「名字」可以側書，並縮小字型
④傳統信封格式有「三吉四凶五平安」的說法
- 19.「花」字的構成在六書是屬於：
①象形 ②形聲 ③指事 ④會意
- 20.《禮記·學記》：「今之教者，呻其『佔畢』。」其中「佔畢」意指為何？
①音樂 ②教鞭 ③圖畫 ④書本
- 21.有關中國文字演變的先後順序，下列選項何者正確？（甲）籀文（乙）甲骨文（丙）小篆（丁）楷書
①甲乙丙丁 ②甲乙丁丙 ③乙丙甲丁 ④乙甲丙丁
- 22.有關《史記》與《漢書》，下列敘述何者錯誤？
①與《資治通鑑》、《三國志》合稱為「四史」
②前者為西漢司馬遷所著，後者為東漢班彪、班固等人所著
③前者為紀傳體之祖，後者為斷代史之祖
④前者有劉宋裴駟的集解，後者有唐顏師古的注
- 23.有關《紅樓夢》，下列敘述何者正確？
①是雍正年間的一部章回小說，作者為曹寅
②該書初名《石頭記》，又稱為《風月寶鑑》
③其中高鶚曾為之作注
④平兒、鴛鴦、探春、晴雯等人都是賈府丫鬟
- 24.有關於中國的節慶習俗，下列敘述何者錯誤？
①元旦燃放炮竹 ②元宵點放燈火 ③七夕婦女乞巧 ④重陽文人曝書
- 25.（甲）鞭辟入理（乙）流言蜚語（丙）室內裝璜（丁）趨之若鶩（戊）暗劍難防（己）功虧一潰（庚）劍拔弩張。上述成語中，沒有錯字的有幾個？
①三個 ②四個 ③五個 ④六個

【英文】

(一)字彙測驗

26. Mr. Smith made such a _____ contribution to the university that they are naming one of the campus buildings after him.
① generous ② modest ③ minimum ④ realistic
27. In Britain, 79 percent of colleges are increasing their marketing and _____ efforts abroad this year. They hope to attract more international students.
① liberation ② massacre ③ recruitment ④ theatrical
28. Larry King, the host of a popular late night television show, is known for his interview with high _____ guests including politicians, actors, artists and royalties.
① gravity ② profile ③ solemn ④ tribute
29. He is such a _____ person. He cares nothing but his appearance.
① clumsy ② damp ③ graceful ④ vain
30. Human behavior is mostly a product of learning, while the behavior of an animal depends mainly on _____.
① instinct ② response ③ consciousness ④ communication
31. These paper plates are _____ after use, which can cause serious pollution in our environment.
① disposable ② disputable ③ disastrous ④ discourteous
32. The loan officer suggested that we get someone to sign for us, since we didn't have any _____.
① collateral ② collation ③ collapse ④ collision
33. The company leader had not _____ such an attack from the enemy.
① visited ② violated ③ victimized ④ visualized

(二)文法測驗

34. A recent study shows how some of the smartest employers are starting to deal with a new generation that expects a very different workplace _____ of their parents.
① between that ② from the one ③ than that ④ to the one
35. _____ the strong protestations of many people to the contrary, it is a fact that everybody dreams.
① Although ② Despite ③ Even ④ If
36. Over the past couple of years, consumers have faced one trial after _____, from soaring gas prices to the slumping housing market.
① another ② any other ③ other ④ others
37. Avoidant individuals are less likely to form close relationships, _____ difficult for their partners to know what they're thinking.
① making it ② makes which ③ to make it ④ which makes
38. There is many a crown for those _____.
① who match their brain with action ② who thought it worth doing it
③ who could sometimes arrive their goals ④ who ambitiously reach for it easily
39. If you were to poll the members of the economics profession, a sizable majority _____ that microeconomics is the most important subject in the economics curriculum.
① will probably agree ② would probable agree
③ will have probable agreed ④ would probably agree
40. Having been served lunch, _____.
① it was discussed by the committee members the problem
② the problem was discussed by the members of the committee
③ a discussion of the problem was held by the members of the committee
④ the committee members discussed the problem

(三)克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

Research shows that people with good friends have better physical and emotional health than those who have only a weak network of friends or no real friends at all. There are three general types of support friends to be 41.

First and probably most important, friends give us emotional support: they show us 42 someone cares; someone really likes us and wants to be with us. But friends also provide guidance. When we have important 43 to make, friends can be a sounding-board for our ideas, and they can present other sides to a problem.

Friends also provide 44, tangible support: they loan us their car when ours breaks down, they cook and meal for us when we're sick, or they pick up our mail when we're on vacation. Psychologists believe that friends 45 as a coping mechanism. By providing us with companionship and support, friends serve as a buffer against the stress in our lives.

41. ① accepted ② destined ③ provided ④ improved
42. ① that ② what ③ which ④ whether
43. ① relations ② decisions ③ adoptions ④ assumptions
44. ① actual ② moral ③ formal ④ artificial
45. ① regard ② surface ③ perform ④ function

(四)閱讀測驗

If you love nature and the wilderness, you may have a hard time seeing organic farms and solar energy as environmental dangers. But that is the position of some hard greens. Hard greens argue that mainstream environmentalists often promote policies that hurt the planet.

Hard greens say that if you want to save the wilderness and protect endangered species, you have to move people off the land and concentrate them in cities. They argue that the pollution produced by large cities and their close suburbs does less danger to the planet and its wild life than the forests that are cut down for farmland, country homes and suburban development. When an organic farmer clears land of trees and bushes to plant fields of organic vegetables, the natural habitat of wild vegetation and animals is destroyed-even if the farmer isn't using pesticides. Put another way, hard greens would say that you have to reduce man's footprint on the earth.

Here are some positions of "hard greens:"

Except in unforested areas that receive a great deal of sun, widespread use of solar energy will seriously damage the environment. In order to produce enough solar energy to provide power to New York City, for example, almost all the forests in the state of New York would have to be cut down to make room for solar cells.

Food should be produced by large agribusiness corporations rather than small family farmers. Large corporate farms are more efficient than small farms and produce more food on less land.

Organic farming and pesticide-free farm products should be discouraged because they are inefficient. When pesticides are not used, more land must be cleared to produce the same amount of food.

46. What does the term "hard greens" refer to ?
① A group of mainstream environmentalists.
② People who grow vegetables to save the earth.
③ Environmentalists who are against traditional ways of protecting the earth.
④ Farmers who organize international corporate farms for efficient food supply.
47. What do hard greens think about having people live in large cities and having them move to country homes ?
① More people should move to the country in order to reduce pollution.
② More people should move to the suburbs to plant fields of organic vegetables.
③ People should live in the cities so as to save cost on transportation and save energy.
④ People should live in the cities so forests and wild life in the country may be saved.
48. According to the passage, what place is suitable for widespread use of solar energy ?
① Large cities with huge populations. ② Sunshine states with plenty of trees.
③ River banks with vast areas of forests and wildlife. ④ Vast areas with very few trees and plenty of sunshine.
49. What do hard greens think about organic farming ?
① Organic farming may help solve the problem of food shortage.
② Organic farming is not efficient and may require more land to produce food.
③ More scientific research is needed to improve the technique of organic farming.
④ More effort should be made to help people understand the value of organic food.
50. What do hard greens think about large agribusiness companies ?
① They often control the market and result in rise of food prices.
② They are able to produce more food on less land, and are thus more efficient.
③ Large agribusinesses tend to overuse pesticide, and thus should be inspected regularly.
④ Too many large agribusiness companies may lead to clearing of more forests for farmland.